

## Safety Data Sheet

**GS Yuasa International Ltd.**

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Industrial Battery Production Division

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<b>Product Name:</b> (Chemicals name or Merchandise Name):			
Lead-Acid Traction Battery (SER Type)		(Non Flame Retardant)	
<b>Identification of substance</b>			
Identification of single- or mixed substance product: Mixed-substance product			
Parts	Material	Approximate%_by wt.	CAS Number
Plate	Lead and lead compounds Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Barium (Ba)	65-75% 0.5-1.5% 0.1% or below 0.3% or below	7439-92-1 7440-36-0 7440-38-2 7727-43-7
Electrolyte	about. 40% dilute sulfuric acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	15-25%	7664-93-9
Battery container & Cover	ABS resin (synthetic resin)	5-15%	9003-56-9
Separator	Glass	1~3%	—
Other resin parts	ABS, Silica, Epoxy, Rubber	1~5%	—
Other metal parts	Brass etc.	1% or below	—
<b>Classification of Hazardousness and Poisonousness</b>			
Classification name	Classification standard not applicable to batteries.		
Hazardousness	Charging a battery generates hydrogen and oxygen gases. Exposure of fire to them may catch a fire, resulting in an explosion.		
Poisonousness	Exposure of electrolyte to skin or an eye may result in a burn or a loss of eyesight.		
Effect on Environment	Highly concentrated electrolyte may adversely affect living things such as animals and plants.		
<b>Emergency Measures</b>			
When electrolyte is inhaled:	Move to a place full of fresh air and have immediate medical treatment.		
When electrolyte is swallowed:	Immediately rinse the mouth with a large quantity of fresh water, and drink another large quantity of fresh water. Then, have immediate medical treatment.		
When electrolyte is attached to skin:	Immediately wash it down with a large quantity of water, and thoroughly wash the skin with soap. If there is a fear of burn, have immediate medical treatment.		
When electrolyte contacts the eyes	Immediately flush the eye sufficiently with water, and have immediate medical treatment.		

<b>Action at the Time of Fire</b>		
Fire fighting method	Extinguish a fire using a fire extinguisher of dry powder agent, foam agent or non-combustible gas.	
<b>Action at The Time of Electrolyte Leak or Outflow</b>		
Neutralize the leaked electrolyte with soda bicarbonate or slaked lime, then wash it down. (At that time, be sure to wear protective goggles, gloves, and boots.)		
<b>Handling and Storing Precautions</b>		
Handling:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not disassemble or modify the battery, nor short it between the terminals.</li> <li>• Do not put a fire close to the battery, or throw it into a fire.</li> <li>• Handle batteries as heavy objects.</li> <li>• With vents provided in a cubicle, for example, charge the battery in a well ventilated room.</li> </ul>	
Storing:	Choose a place that is not exposed to high temperatures, high humidity, wind and rain, direct sunlight, fire, poisonous gasses, droplets, dust generation or ingress, or submersion.	
<b>Exposure Inhibiting Device</b>		
. Not applicable to batteries		
<b>Physical/ Chemical Properties</b>		
Not applicable to batteries.		
Materials (as example)	<u>Dilute sulfuric acid</u> (for 1.30 of specific gravity)	<u>Lead</u>
• Outer appearance	Transparent liquid	Silver white solid
• Specific gravity	1.3	11.3
• Boiling point	114°C	1,740°C
• Melting point	-40°C or below	327°C
• Freezing point	-56°C	—
• Vapor pressure	1.8 kPa (at 25°C)	0.1 kPa (at 25°C)
Materials (as example)	<u>ABS resin</u>	
• Outer appearance	solid	
• Specific gravity	1.0-1.3	
• Boiling point	-	
• Melting point	No specific point, but softens gradually in wide range of temperature. (about 130-150°C)	
<b>Hazardousness information</b>		
As per "Classification of Hazardousness and Poisonousness" above.		

<b>Poisonousness information</b>	
As per "Classification of Hazardousness and Poisonousness" above.	
<b>Environmental information</b>	
As per "Classification of Hazardousness and Poisonousness" above.	
<b>Disposing precautions</b>	
Used batteries shall be recycled for reuse in accordance with relative national law and regulations.	
<b>Transporting precautions</b>	
Try to avoid mingling batteries with other substances. Handle with care so that no electrolyte leak occurs by overturning or dropping a battery.	
<b>Applicable laws and regulations</b>	
• Poison and Deleterious Substance Control Law:	Electrolyte falls under "Deleterious Substance Category".
• Labor Safety & Hygiene Law:	Lead falls under "Class 3 Substance" in Specific Chemical Substance Category.
• Hazardous Materials Storage and Ship Transportation Regulations:	Electrolyte falls under "Corrosive Substance Category".
• Fire Services Act:	Terminal materials fall under "Substances Inhibiting Fire Fighting".
<b>Law on transport</b>	
<p>( Shipping )  Valve regulated lead acid battery is correspond UN2800 on TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS.  But The Battery Is not correspond to dangerous goods because it satisfied SPECIAL PROVISIONS.</p> <p>( Air )  Valve regulated lead acid battery is correspond to an escape Clause A67 of dangerous goods in IATA.</p> <p>(Land transportation In U.S.A and Canada )  "NONSPILABLE" or "NONSPILLABLE BATTERY" must be described on battery or package in order to call the attention of nature of transport goods to the drivers.  According to law 173-159 by Department of Transportation (DOT).</p> <p>The shipping information is as follows:  Proper Shipping Name: Batteries, wet, filled with acid  Hazardous Class: 8  Packing Group: —  UN Identification: UN2800  Label/Placard Required: Corrosive</p>	
<b>Applied Standard:</b>	
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<b>TSCA</b>		
Ingredients in GS Yuasa batteries are listed in the TSCA registry as follows:		
Components	CAS number	TSCA status
Electrolyte		
Sulfuric Acid (H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	7664-93-9	listed
Inorganic lead compound:		
lead (Pb)	7439-92-1	listed
Lead dioxide (PbO <sub>2</sub> )	1309-60-0	listed
Lead sulfate (PbSO <sub>4</sub> )	7446-14-2	listed
Antimony (Sb)	7440-36-0	listed
Calcium (Ca)	7440-70-2	listed
Tin (Sn)	7440-31-5	listed
Arsenic (As)	7440-38-2	listed
Barium (Ba)	7440-39-3	listed
<p><b>California Proposition 65</b></p> <p>Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and other chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.</p>		
<p><b>RoHS Instruction</b></p> <p>Lead and lead compound contained in the lead-acid battery is off the subject of the RoHS instruction.</p>		
<p>This information is accurate to the best of GS Yuasa International's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by GS Yuasa International to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the level.</p> <p>For additional information concerning GS Yuasa International products or questions concerning the content of this SDS please contact GS Yuasa International representative.</p>		